

Sistemi di supporto per la gestione di comprensori irrigui, primi risultati del progetto MOSES

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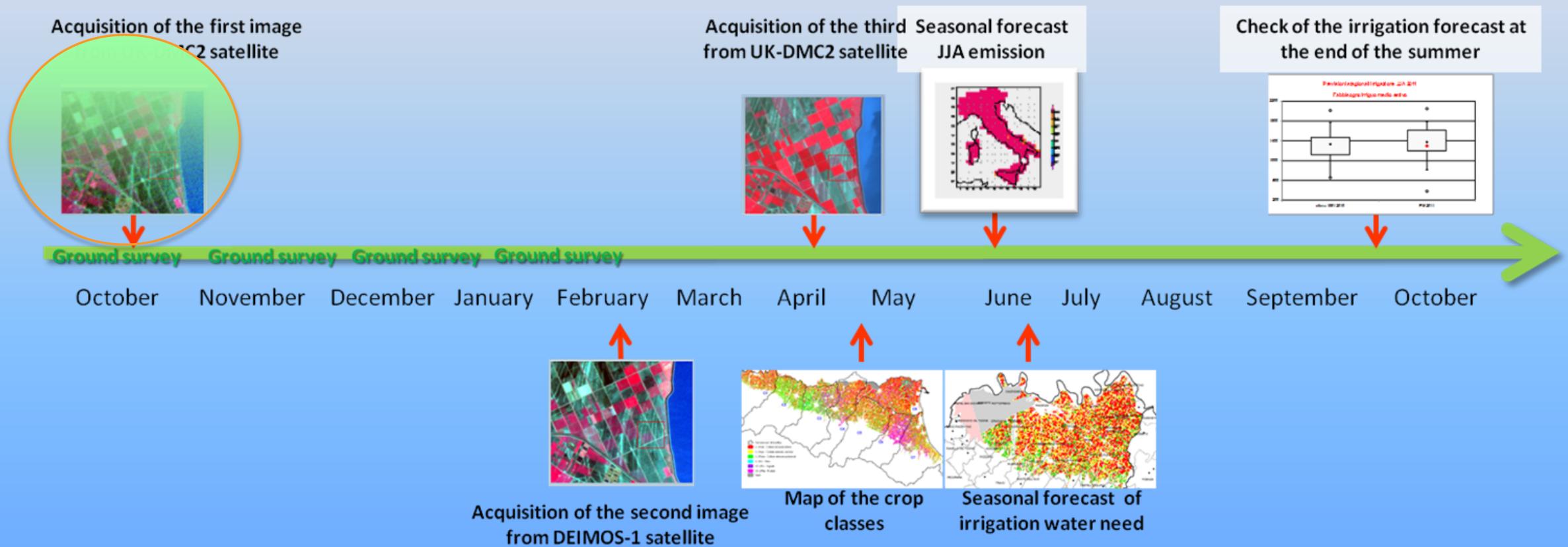
CBR: A. Fabbri, E. Montanari

AGROMET: A. Volta

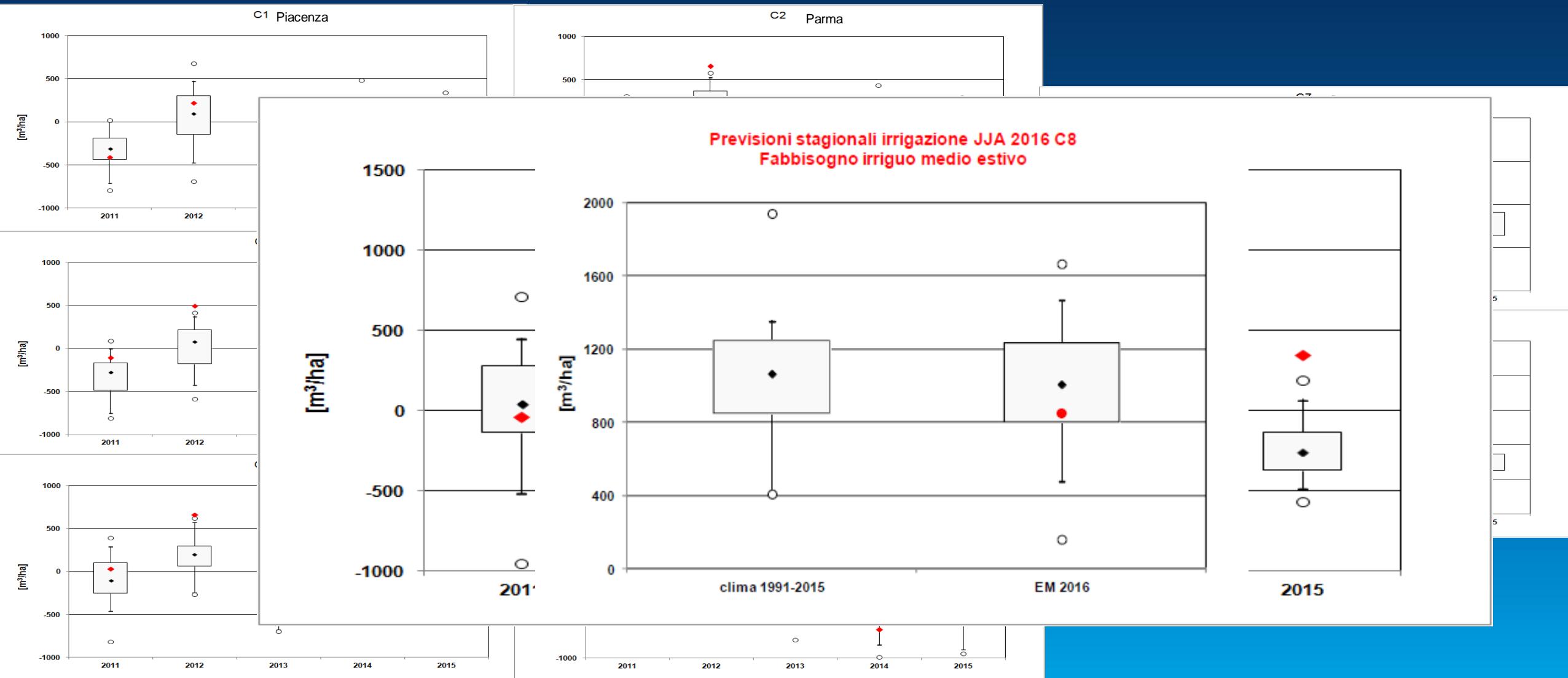
UNIBO: F. Ventura, D. Viaggi

- **Servizi climatici**, una novità nel panorama meteorologico
- Integrano i modelli climatici con i dati per fornire supporto alle decisioni nelle attività civili ed economiche (**adattamento** ai cc)
- Dal 2009 sotto l’egida dell’Onu-Omm esiste una comunità mondiale sul tema (Global Framework for Climate Services, www.wmo.int/gfcs) che individua le aree prioritarie di **applicazione** dei servizi climatici in
 - **Agricoltura** e sicurezza alimentare, Riduzione dei **rischi** da disastri, **Energia**, **Salute**, **Acqua**
- In Europa dopo numerose iniziative preparatorie è stata lanciata nel 2016 la “European Research Area for Climate Services” (www.ERA4CS.eu) cui partecipano per l’Italia Cnr e Cmcc

iCOLT – mappa le colture dal 2008 e dal 2010 prevede il fabbisogno irriguo all'inizio dell'estate!



iColt - previsioni stagionali di irrigazione- Risultati



- iColt integra i dati da satellite con quelli della rete meteo e le previsioni stagionali tramite modellistica ed è quindi un interessante esempio di **servizio climatico**
- Il servizio fornito ai **consorzi di bonifica** risulta utile ai loro scopi e migliora le loro capacità di gestione del servizio e della risorsa idrica
- Il sistema deriva dalla nostra esperienza quasi ventennale in diversi **progetti europei di ricerca** applicata su meteorologia e clima (per esempio FP6 ENSEMBLES)
- Sulla base del lavoro svolto da Arpae e con l'integrazione di numerosi altri **partner** tecnici regionali ed europei è stato concepito il progetto europeo H2020 MOSES, finanziato e in pieno svolgimento (2015-2018)

THE MOSES PROJECT - THE MOSES PROJECT

MOSES - Managing Crop water Saving with Enterprise Services

- *MOSES aims at putting in place and demonstrate at the real scale of application an **information platform** devoted to planning of irrigation water resources, to support water procurement & management agencies (e.g. reclamation consortia, irrigation districts, etc.).*

Its main goals are:

- ❖ saving water
- ❖ improving services to farmers
- ❖ reducing monetary and energy costs



Implementation of European Innovation Partnerships (EIP) Water objectives.

The project, among others, contributes to the following thematic priorities:

- “**flood and drought risk management**”
- “**decision support systems and monitoring**”
- “**water governance**”

specifically, it addresses the “design and implementation of new arrangements for cooperation (including public-private partnerships and business opportunities)”



MOSES Framework and Organization

- *16 partners: environmental agencies, universities, research institutes, space associations, water consortia, irrigator associations, SME & industries (5 European countries, 1 African)*
 - *3 stake-holders*
 - *4 Demonstration Area located in: Italy, Spain, Romania and Morocco*
-
- ❖ *Core Activities: Project management, Scientific and Demo Areas coordination*
 - ❖ *Partners points of strength and roles identified*
 - ❖ *Researchers, Stake-holders and end-user involvement*

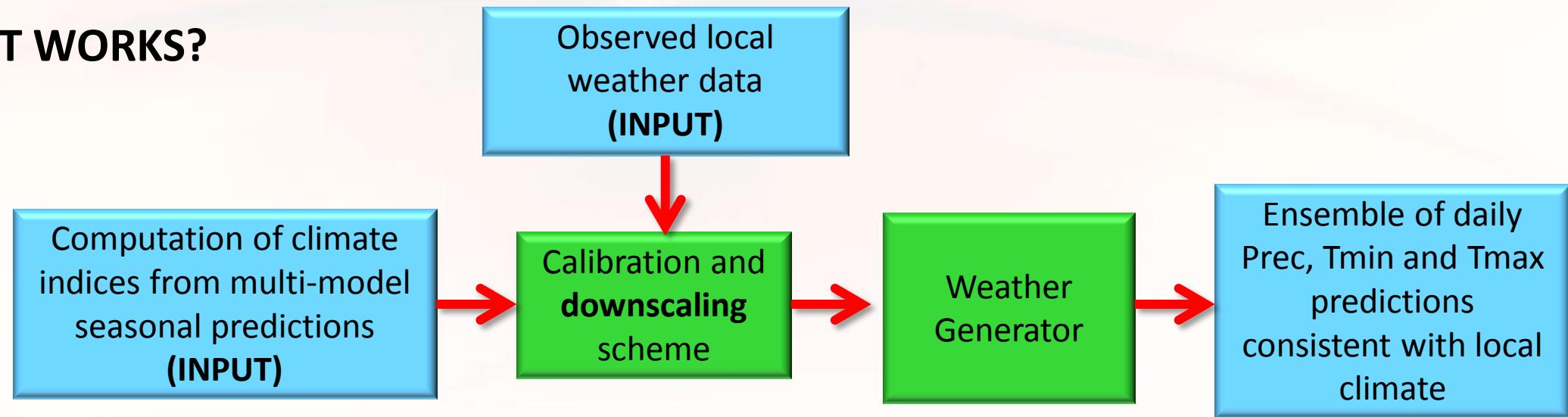


MOSES Seasonal Forecast Module (by ARPAE, ANM & AEMET)

💧 WHAT IS IT?

A procedure that takes as input multi-model seasonal predictions and produces an ensemble of daily values of precipitation and minimum and maximum temperature for the next coming season **consistent** with local climate.

💧 HOW IT WORKS?



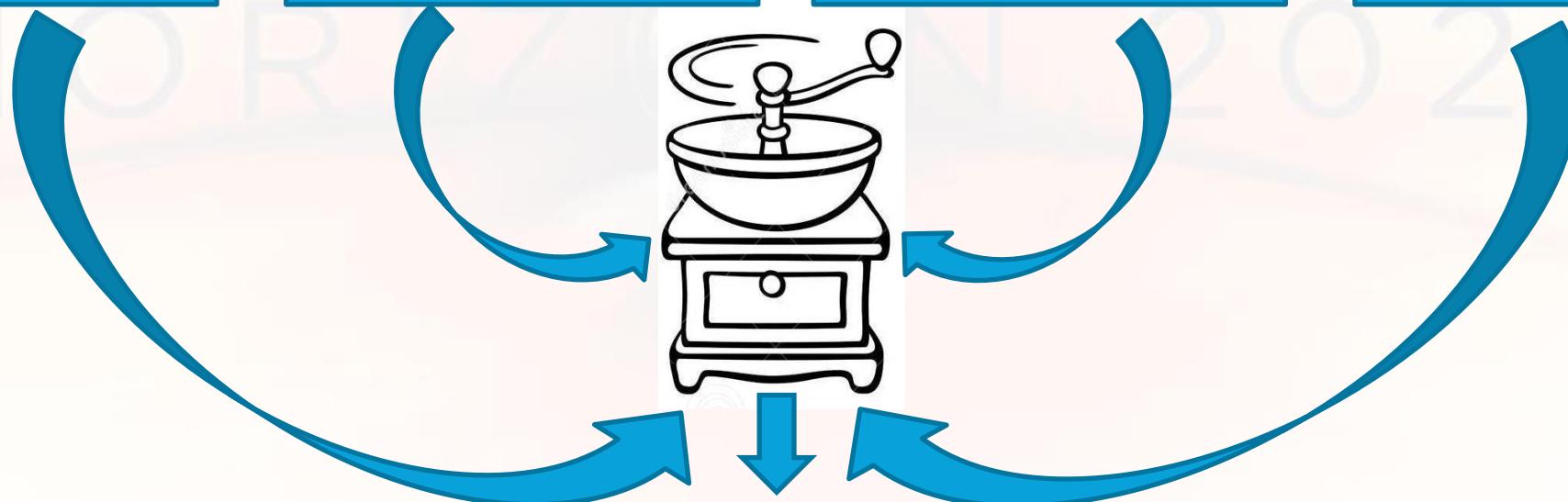
Seasonal Forecasting Module calibration and downscaling

DEFAULT:
quantile mapping of
hind-casted climate
indices on obs. indices

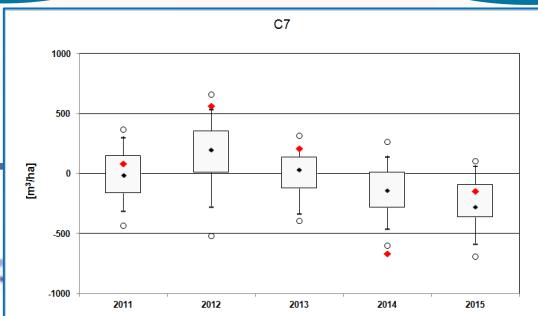
Italian DA¹:
multi-model linear
regression
Pavan and Doblas-Reyes (2013)

Rumanian DA:
CCA
Busuioc et al., (2006, 2008)

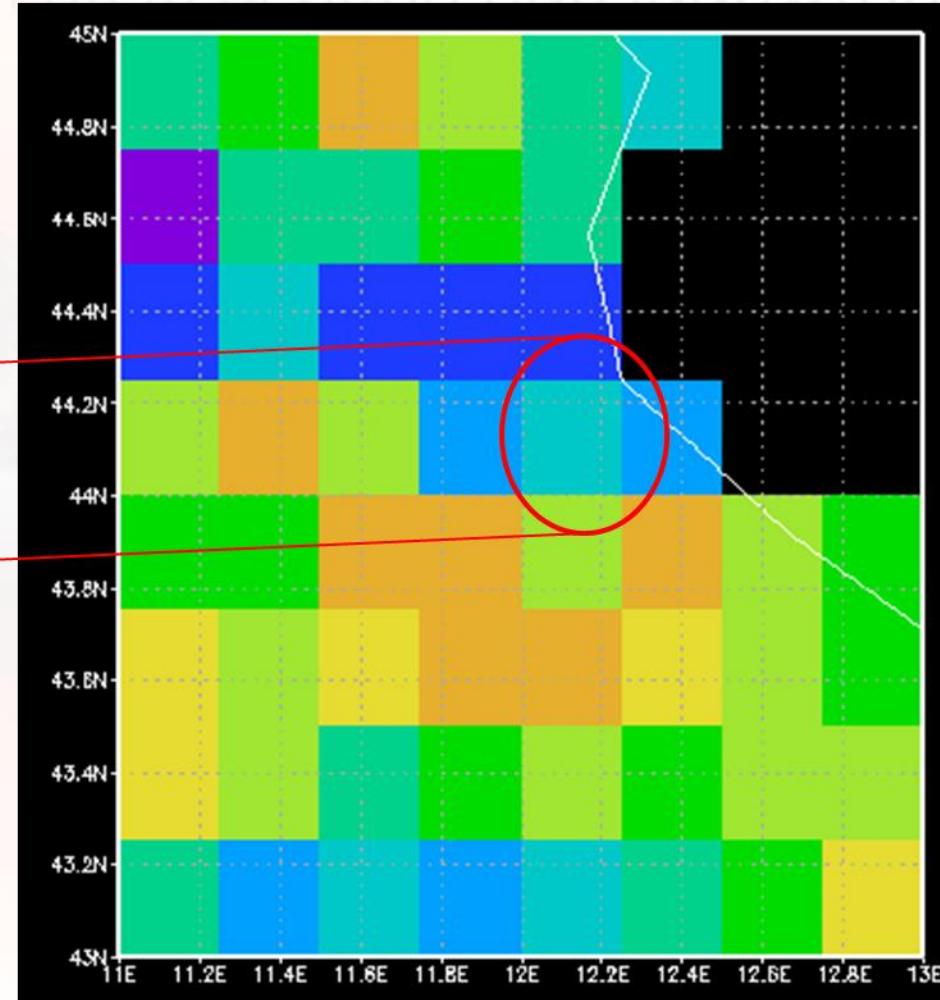
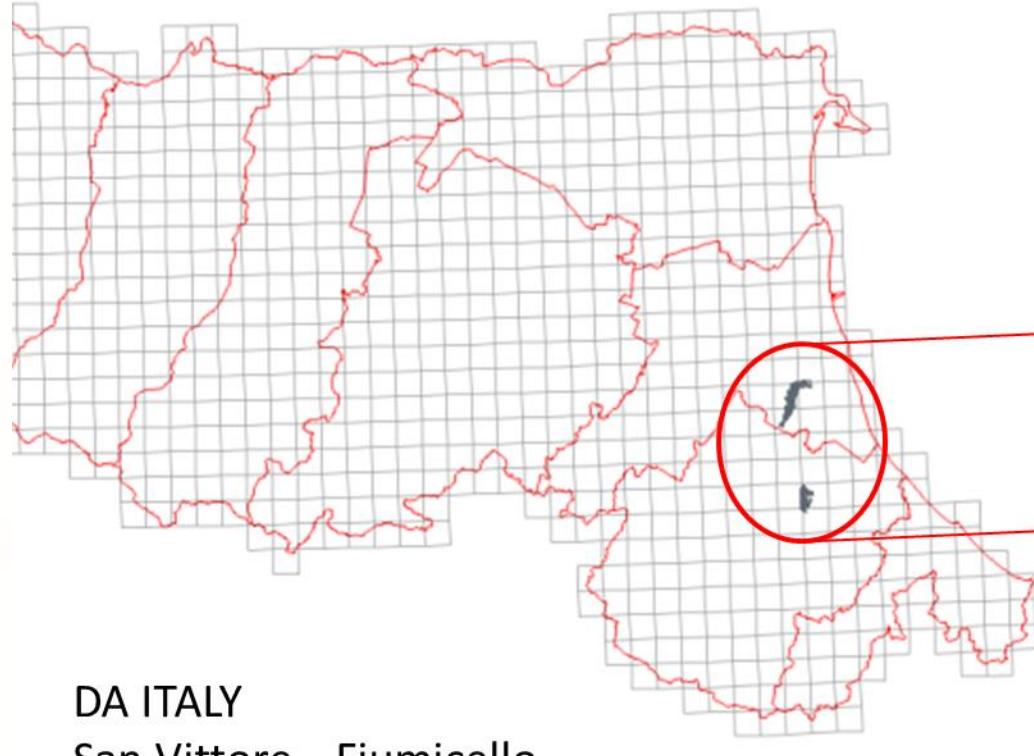
Spanish and Moroccan
DA: Analogue
Ramos et al (2012), Petisco
(2008)



(1) Demonstration Area

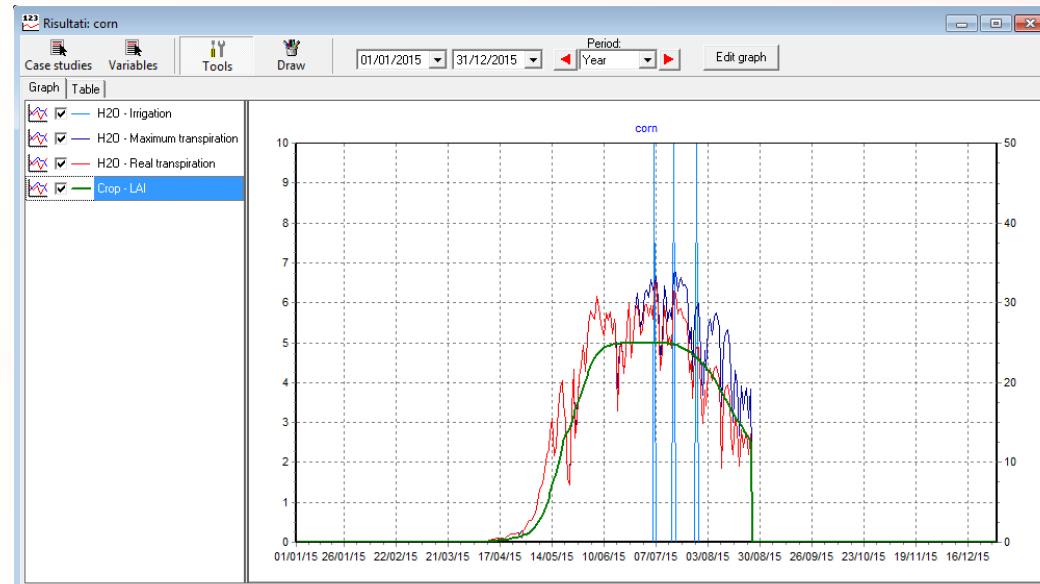


Italian DA calibration and downscaling scheme



MOSES Water Balance Module

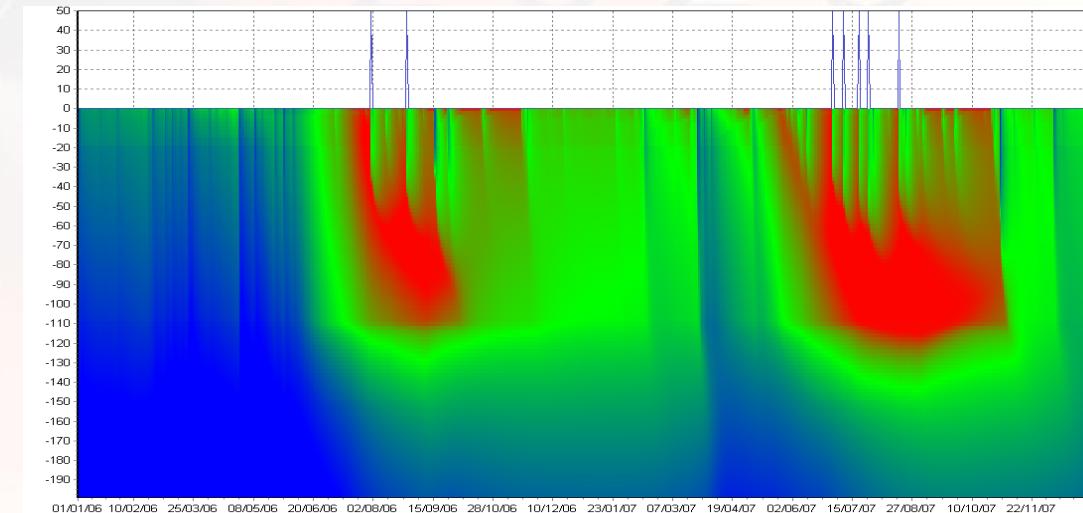
(by ARPAE)



Output example: LAI and irrigation – 1 year

Ref. www.tinyurl.com/criteriamodel

- **Soil water balance: numerical model (based on Richard's equation) and empirical model**
- **Crop and roots development model (phenology)**
- **Evaluation functions (potential and actual ET, capillary rise...)**
- **Water stress and irrigation**



Output example: soil moisture and irrigation – 2 years

MOSES Early Crop Mapping Module (by ARPAE & SERCO)

Decision tree crop development stages

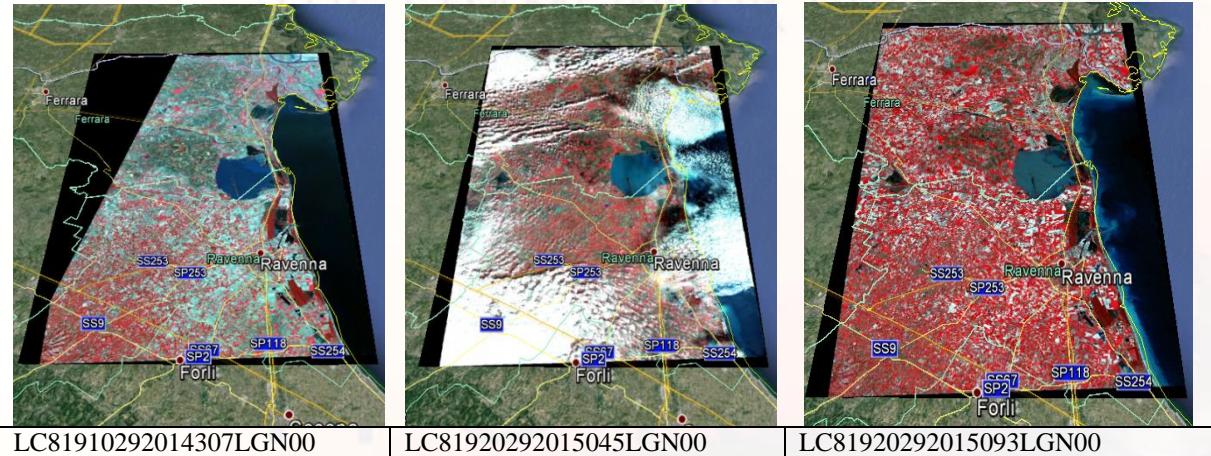
CLASS GRID CODE ²	TYPE	W1	W2	W3
		mid Oct / mid Nov	Feb	Apr
3	alfalfa	veg	senescence	veg
3	meadow	veg	veg	veg
2	annual fodder grass	very scarce veg or no veg	veg	veg
2	winter crops	very scarce veg or no veg	veg	veg
1	summer crops	no veg	no veg	no veg

Satellite images¹ processing steps

- ✓ Conversion to TOA reflectance
 - ✓ Cloud Masking
 - ✓ Masking of not Agricultural Areas
 - ✓ Clipping
 - ✓ NDVI Mapping
 - ✓ Layer Stacking
- Pre-processing*
-
- ✓ Decision tree classification
 - ✓ Spectral Angle Mapper (SAM) classification

- (1) Preferably at high spatial, spectral and temporal resolution (e.g. Sentinel 2)
- (2) Functional classes

1.



2.



Early Crop Mapping Module Processing Steps

1. Satellite Image Selection (Landsat)
2. Cloud masking
3. NDVI computation

3.



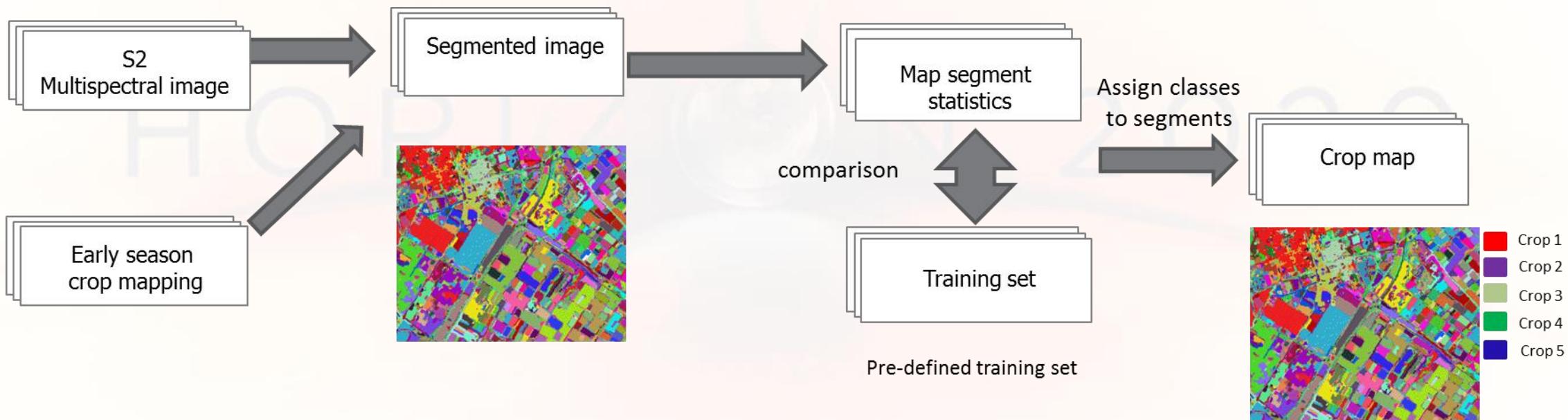
MOSES In-season Monitoring Module (by DUT)

In season monitoring by means of Remote sensing techniques

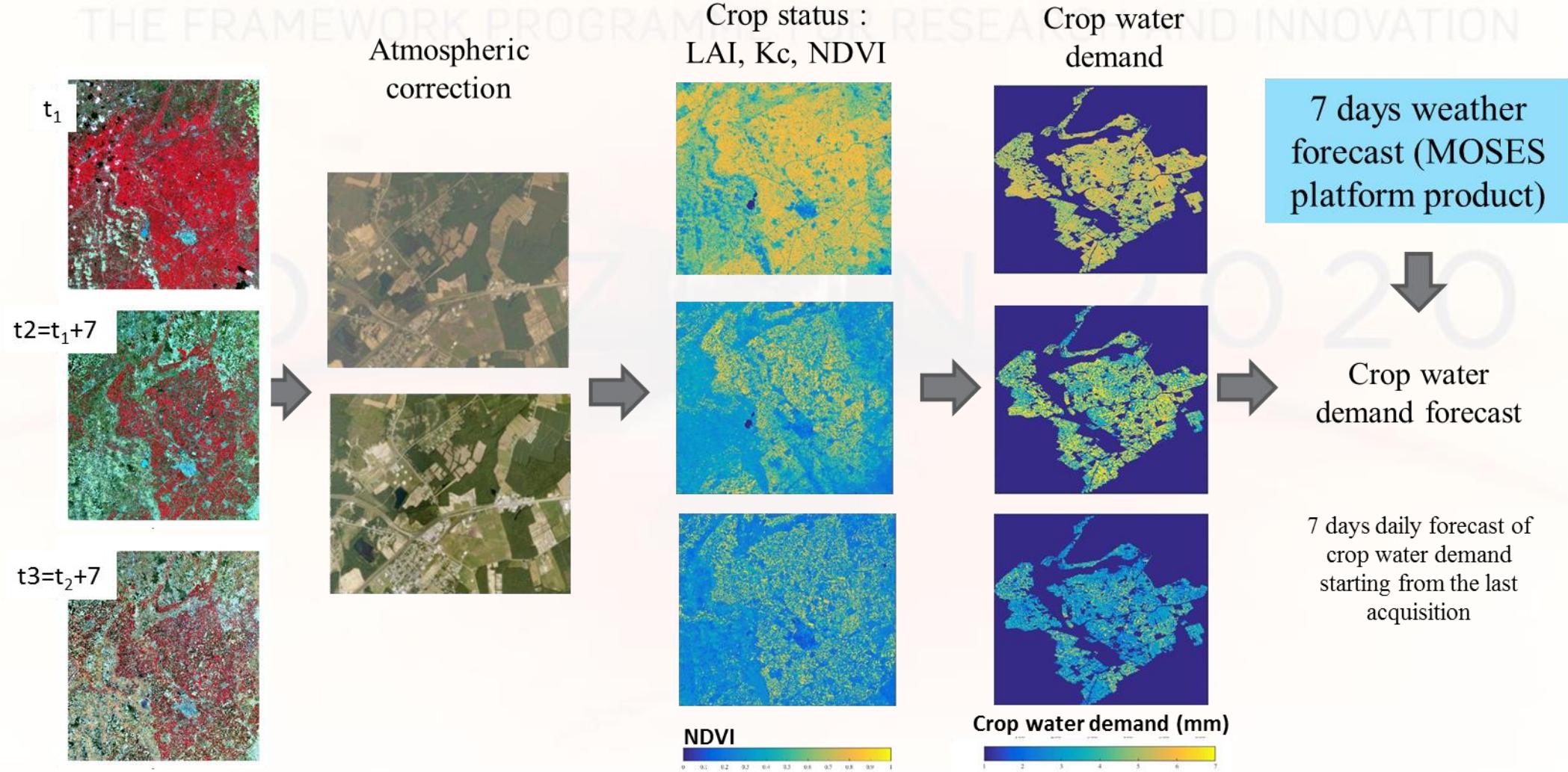
- ❖ Platform built to exploit the full potential of Sentinel 2 data - high spatial, spectral and temporal resolution (10-20 m, 5 days)
- ❖ 15 days temporal frequency crop mapping
- ❖ Using consolidated methodologies for the frequent (7 days) monitoring of:
 - ❖ Crop status
 - ❖ Crop water demand
- ❖ Integration of weather forecast and crop coefficients by RS to produce short term (7 day) crop water demand forecast.

THE FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

In season crop mapping

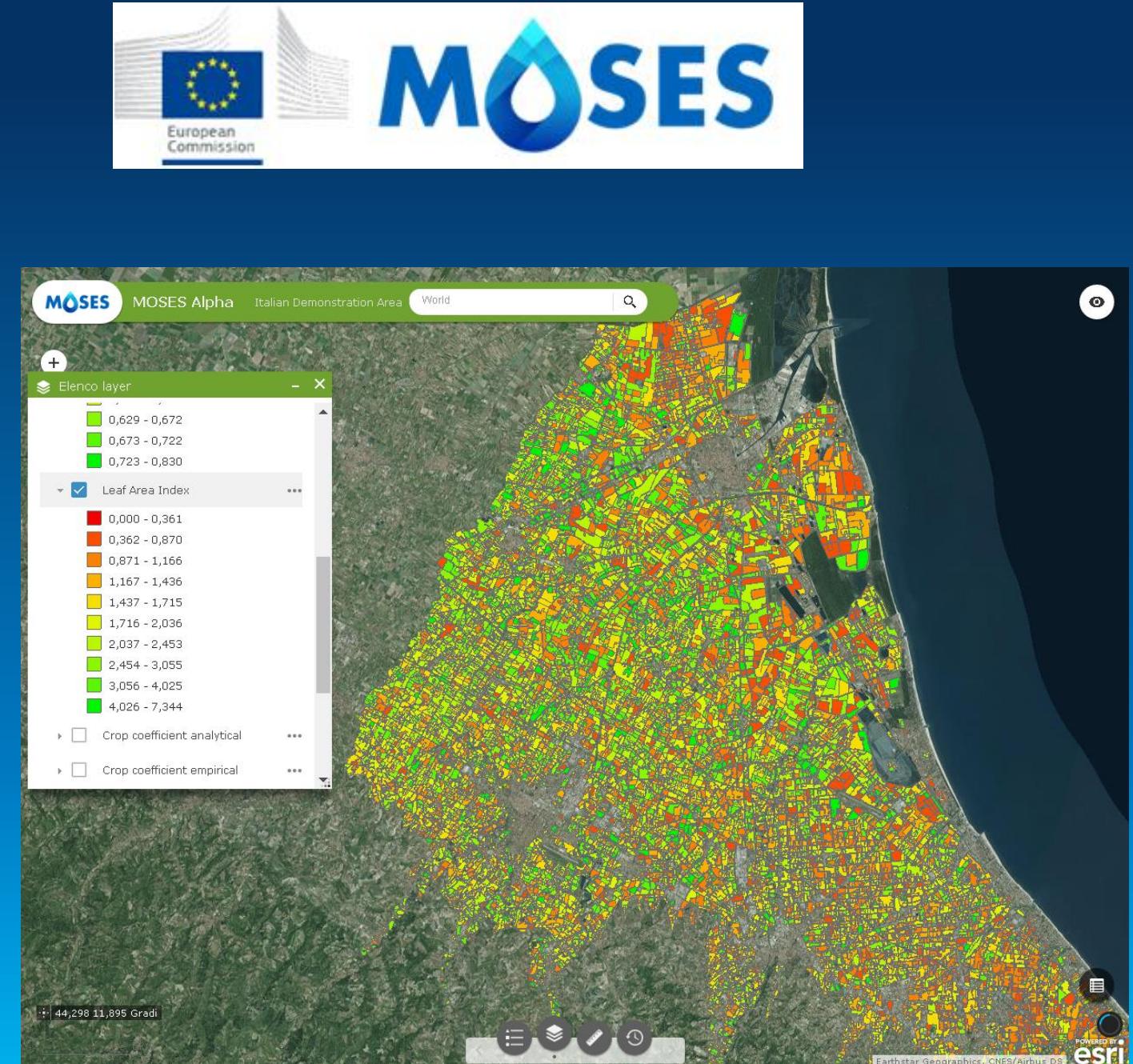


THE FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

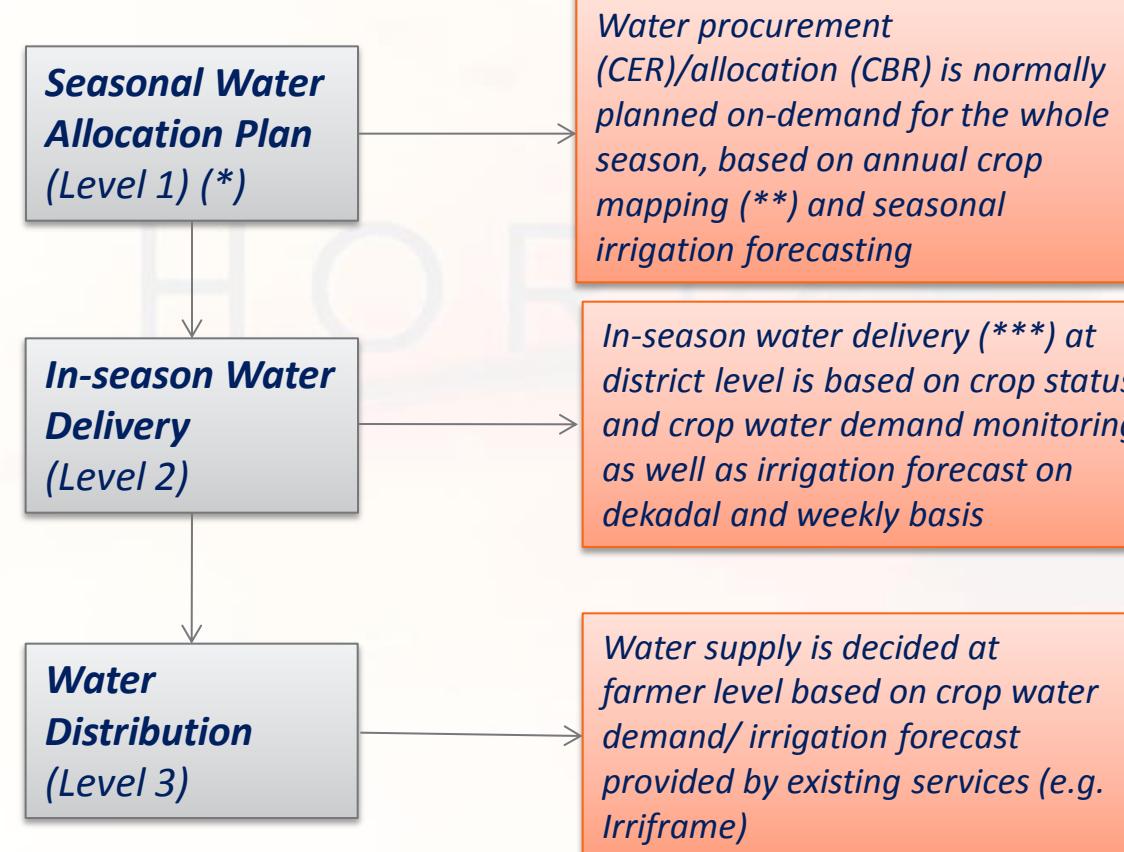


Prodotti MOSES (prima applicazione 2016 su CBR)

- Early Crop Mapping
- Crop coefficient (K_c)
- Leaf Area Index (LAI)
- Crop Evapotranspiration
- Crop Water Demand (CWD)



Italian Demo Area - Irrigation Water Management Scenery



MOSES Information Products

- Annual Crop Mapping
- Seasonal Irrigation Forecast

- Dekadal Crop Status Monitoring / Water Demand Forecast
- Weekly Crop Water Demand Monitoring /Irrigation Forecast

- Dekadal Crop Water Demand Forecast
- Weekly Irrigation Forecast

(*) Hierarchical Management Levels have been identified at the stage of requirement collection; in the case of the DA-IT, CBR is as a 1st degree Reclamation Consortium whereas CER is a 2nd degree

(**) With the meaning of classification of crop functional groups
(***) Water conveyance (CER) also depends on weather forecast

New! LET – dal 2016 individua i campi realmente irrigati



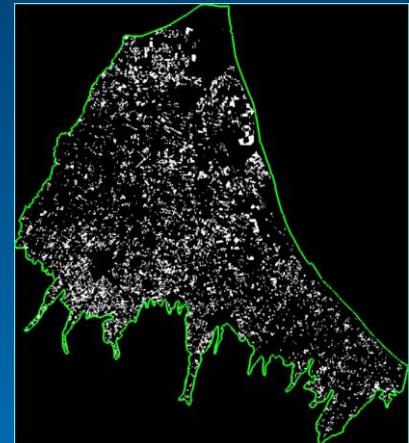
download*



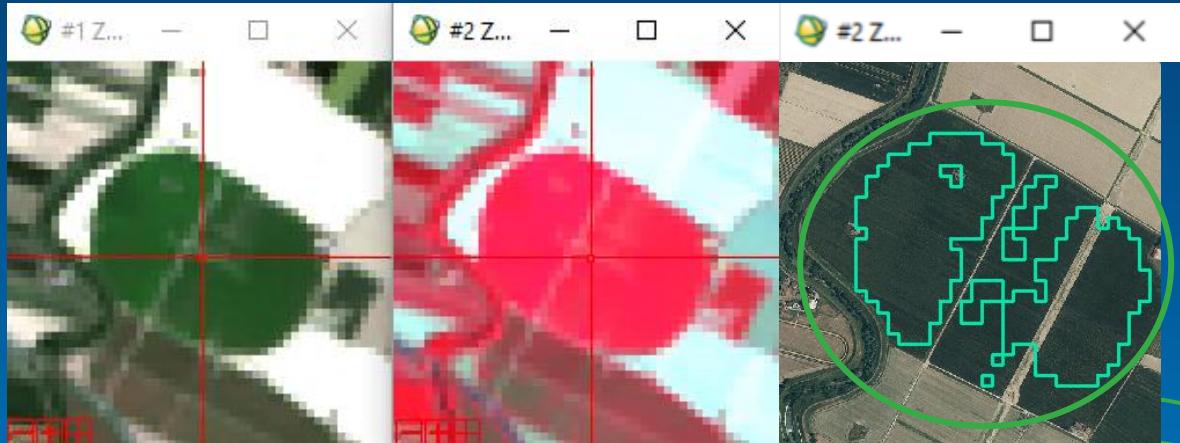
* L8 data are available to download within 24 hours of reception

processing

(calibration, masking, classification...)



detection of irrigated fields



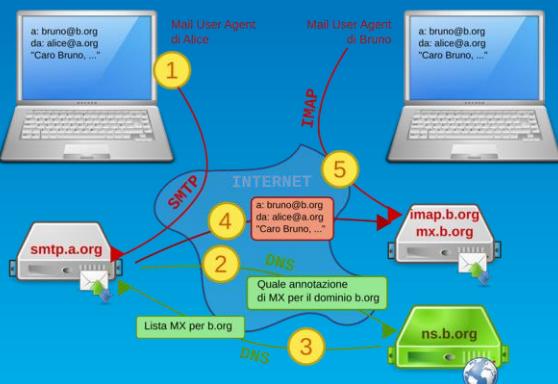
L8 image - 27/08/2016



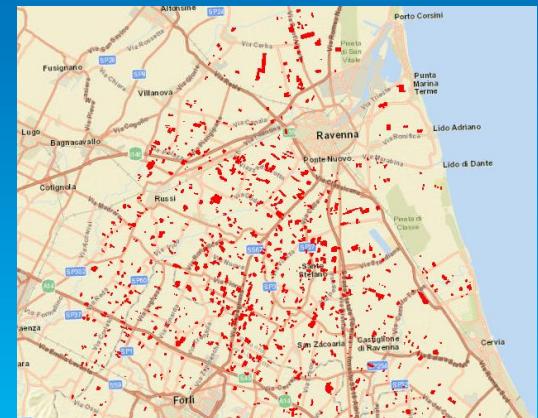
field inspections



data exchange (e-mail) with the final user



georeferenced map



Grazie per la pazienza!

www.arpaе.it

www.moses-project.eu

