





Rome, 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2011
Parallel Session

Present and future role of forest resources in the socio-economic development of rural areas

#### **Parallel Session 3**

Strategies for mitigation of and adaptation to climate change.

# Preliminary assessments for the regional implementation of the inventory of forest carbon stocks in Lombardy

Antognazza F., Angelino E., Nola R.



Federico Antognazza

#### www.ambiente.regione.lombardia.it



ARPA Lombardia

f.antognazza@arpalombardia.it

# **Task**

Start up of the Regional Inventory of Forest Carbon sinks according to RL 24/2006

- Institutional and georeferenced technical tool
- Account for a carbon emission balance
- Strategies and mitigation of anthropogenic emissions



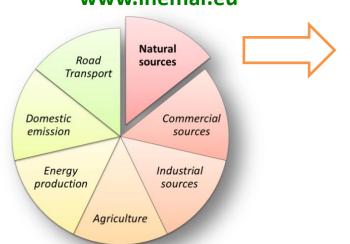
# **Regional Emission Inventory**

- Assessing anthropogenic and natural activity GHG emissions for the main pollutant in order to support policy maker at local level.
- Regional emissions, estimated every two years on annual base, are available at provincial and municipal level too
- The emission inventory is updated with the INEMAR database, based on international methodologies (EMEP/EEA Guidebook, IPCC GPG and sectorial studies) in order to give the best air emission assessment
- INEMAR database, developed by Lombardy Region, is shared with other seven regional partner and harmonized with the National Air Emission Inventory

# Methodology

# Regional Emission Inventory INEMAR

#### www.inemar.eu



Assessing and updating forest carbon stock and sink in all 1541 municipalities of the region during 1990-2008 through the application of the For-est model into INEMAR

# Specific calculation module

**Modelling** 

- Growing stock
- Forest area
- Harvest
- Fire

- - Richards function
- Current increment

**Input** 
$$I_i = A \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = \left(\frac{k}{v}\right)^T$$

$$I_{i} = A \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = \left(\frac{k}{v} \cdot y \left[1 - \left(\frac{y}{a}\right)^{v}\right] + y_{0}\right) \cdot A$$

- Carbon stock
- Carbon sink

Output

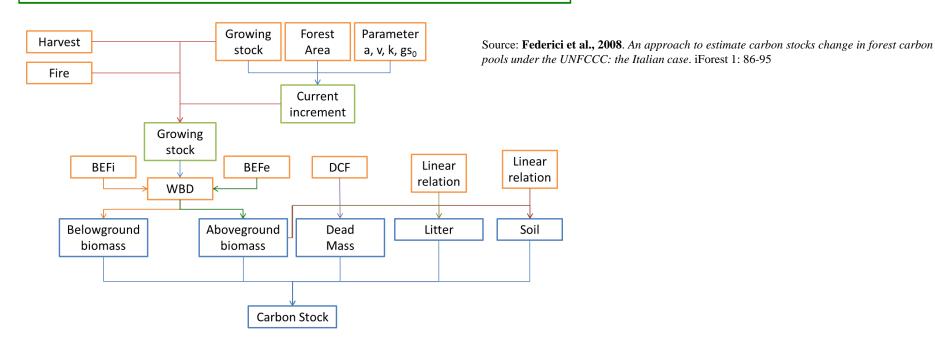


# Methodology

Gain loss methodology in order to assess the evolution of the forest stock during the time

$$gs_i = gs_{i-1} + I_i - H_i - F_i - M_i - D_i$$

## **Annual growing stock**



Carbon stock at municipal level was assigned in view of the share of municipal area of each forest type in the Region



# Methodology

## $\rightarrow$ Forest area [ha]

- Regional forest area: surface >2000m² and forest cover >20% surface (Regional Map of Forest Typologies)
- Forest area 1990 2008: linear interpolation between NFI (1985) and INFC (2005) information
- Matrix: correlation between Regional Forest Typologies and NFI categories

## $\rightarrow$ Growing stock [m<sup>3</sup>]

Growing stock for each forest categories - NFI (1985)

## $\rightarrow$ Harvest [ $m^3$ ]

National statistics at NUTS2 level - (ISTAT series: 1985 - 2008)

# $\rightarrow$ Fire [m<sup>3</sup>]

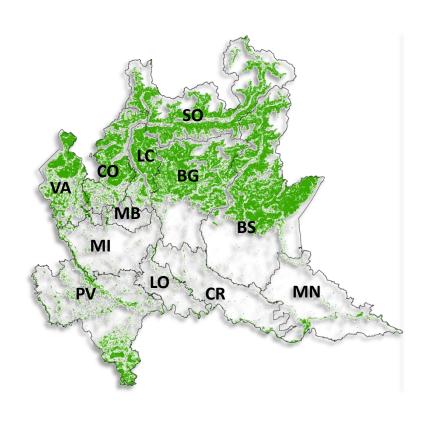
National statistics at NUTS2 level - (ISTAT series: 1985 - 2008))

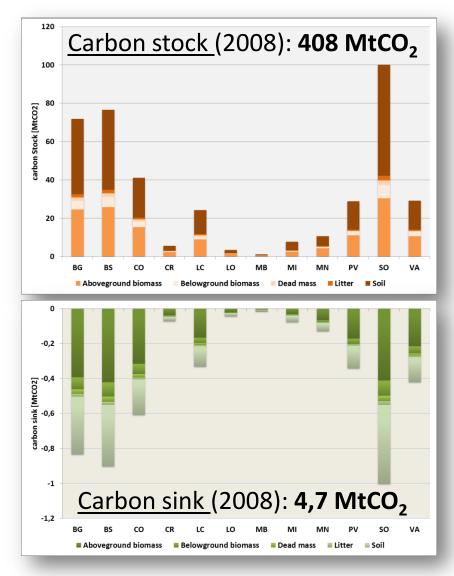
#### $\rightarrow$ Parameters

 Biomass expansion factor (BEF), wood basic density, shoot/root ratio, linear relation (stands biomass, soil & litter) – (ISPRA: National Inventory Report)

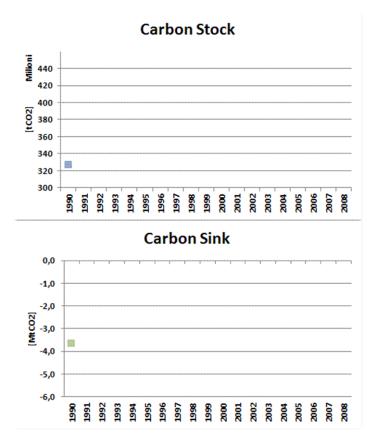


# **Results**





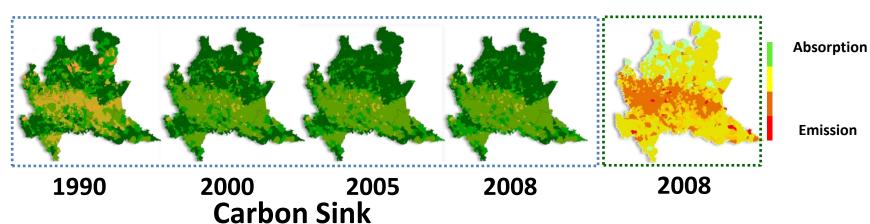
- Soil is the relevant carbon pool in term of stock (54%)
- Living biomass is the relevant one in term of absorbtion (57%)



# **Results**

Consistency and coherence during the time

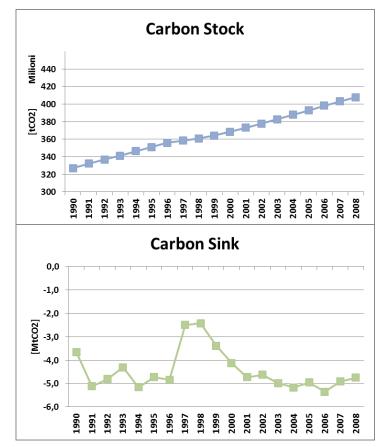
# Municipal CO<sub>2</sub> balance





# **Future developments**

- Input data at municipal level
- Coherent association among NFI, INFC and regional forest system
- Growing stock from the INFC
- New interpolation for forest area evolution on the basis of National Forest Inventory and regional land use
- Characterization of detailed set of parameters according to the regional forest typologies



# **Results**

Consistency and coherence during the time

# Municipal CO<sub>2</sub> balance

