



# Digital Innovations in IACS systems and their relevance for monitoring and evaluation

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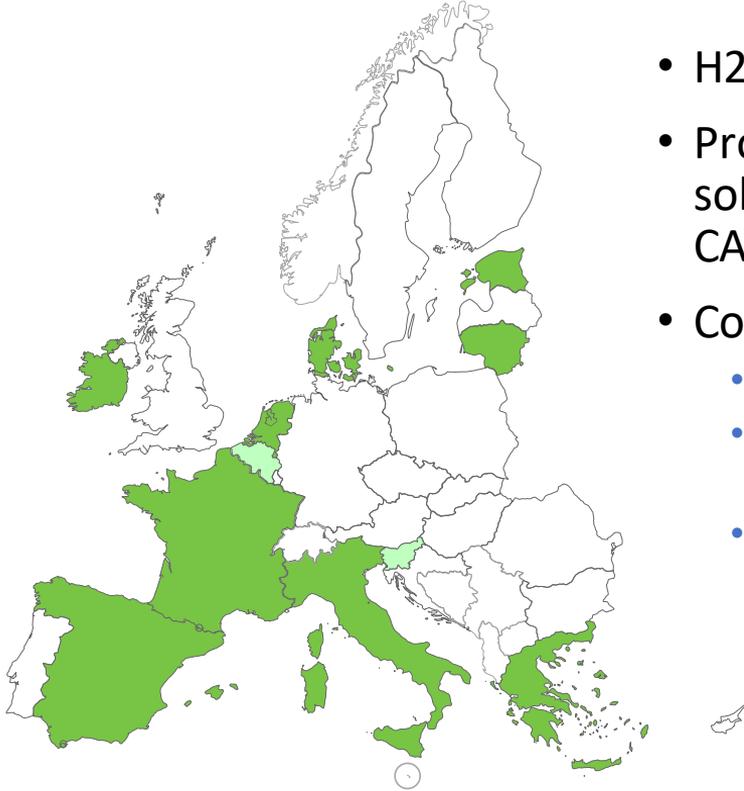


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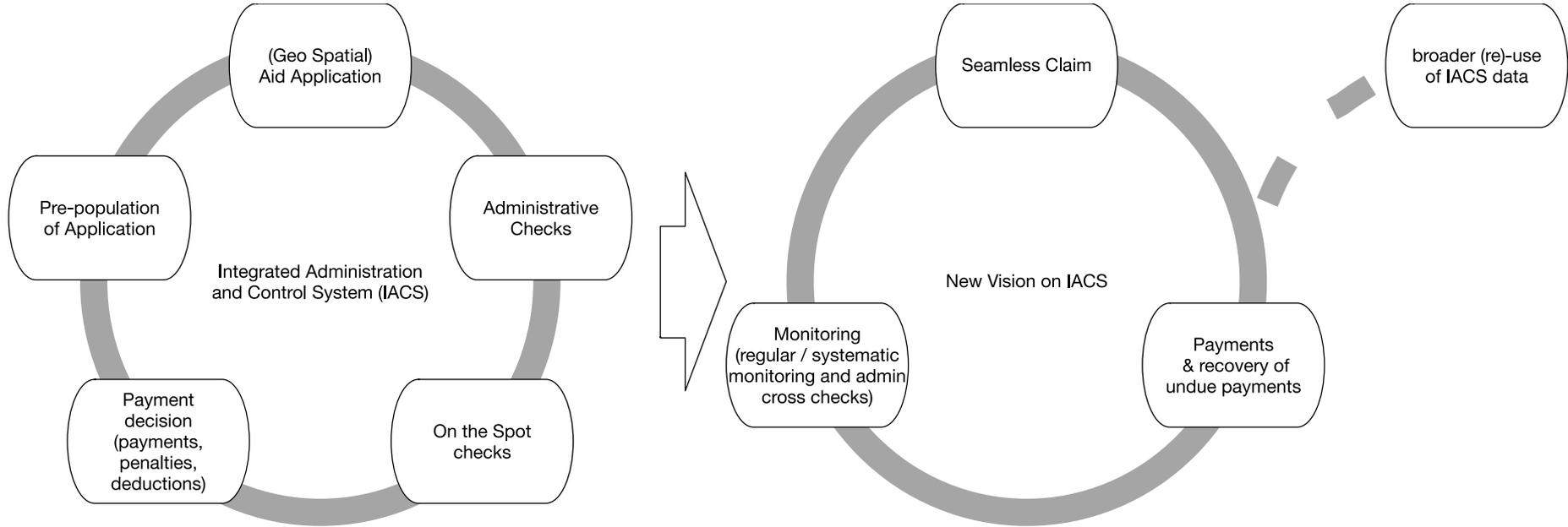
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# NEW IACS VISION in ACTION - NIVA



- H2020 Innovation Action
- Proposal in response to [call](#): Digital solutions and e-tools to modernise the CAP
- Consortium
  - lead = WUR
  - 9 paying agencies (NL-DK-SP-IT-FR-GR-EE-LT-IR)
  - technical partners, total 27 partners

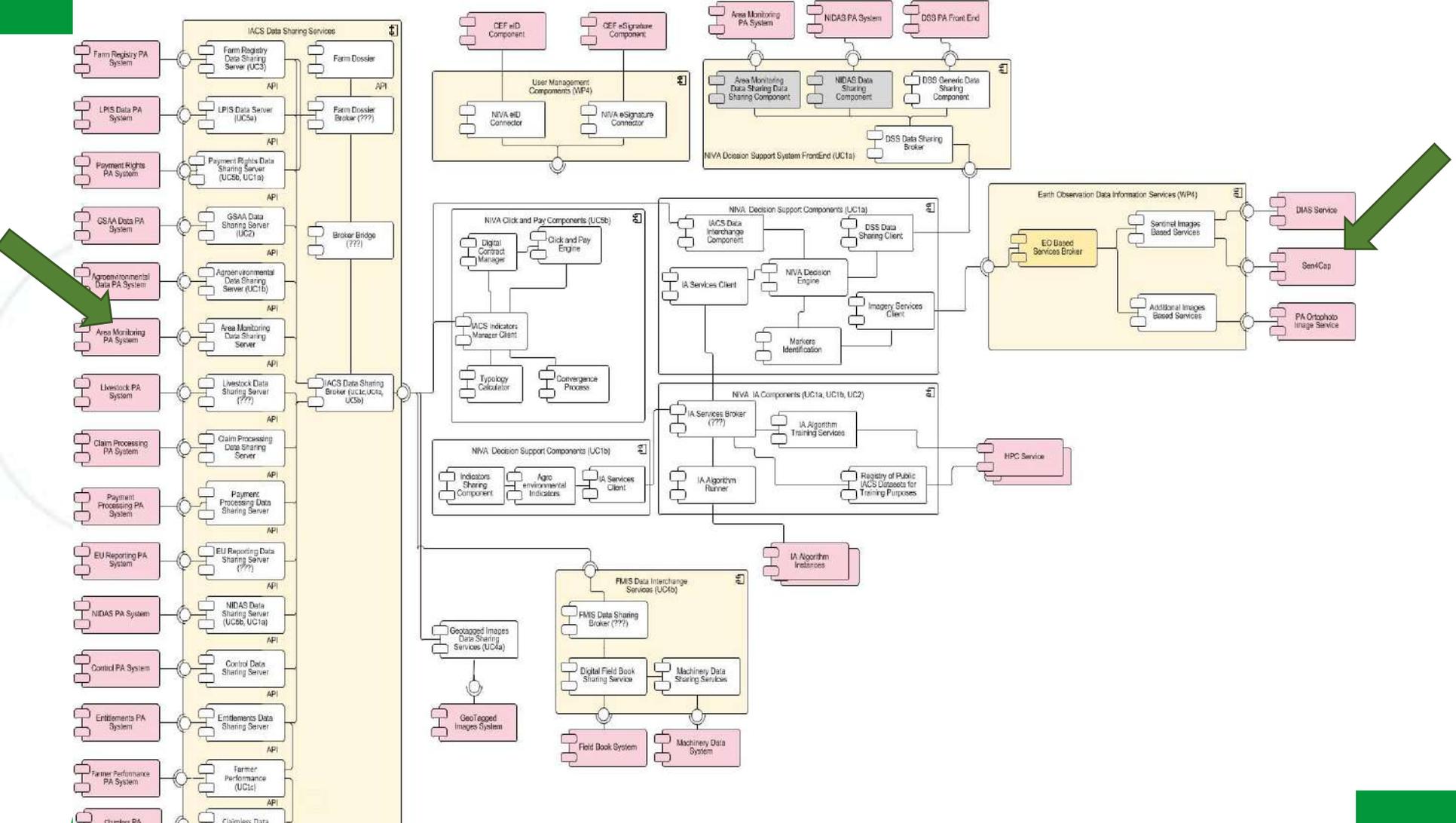
# Transition in NIVA



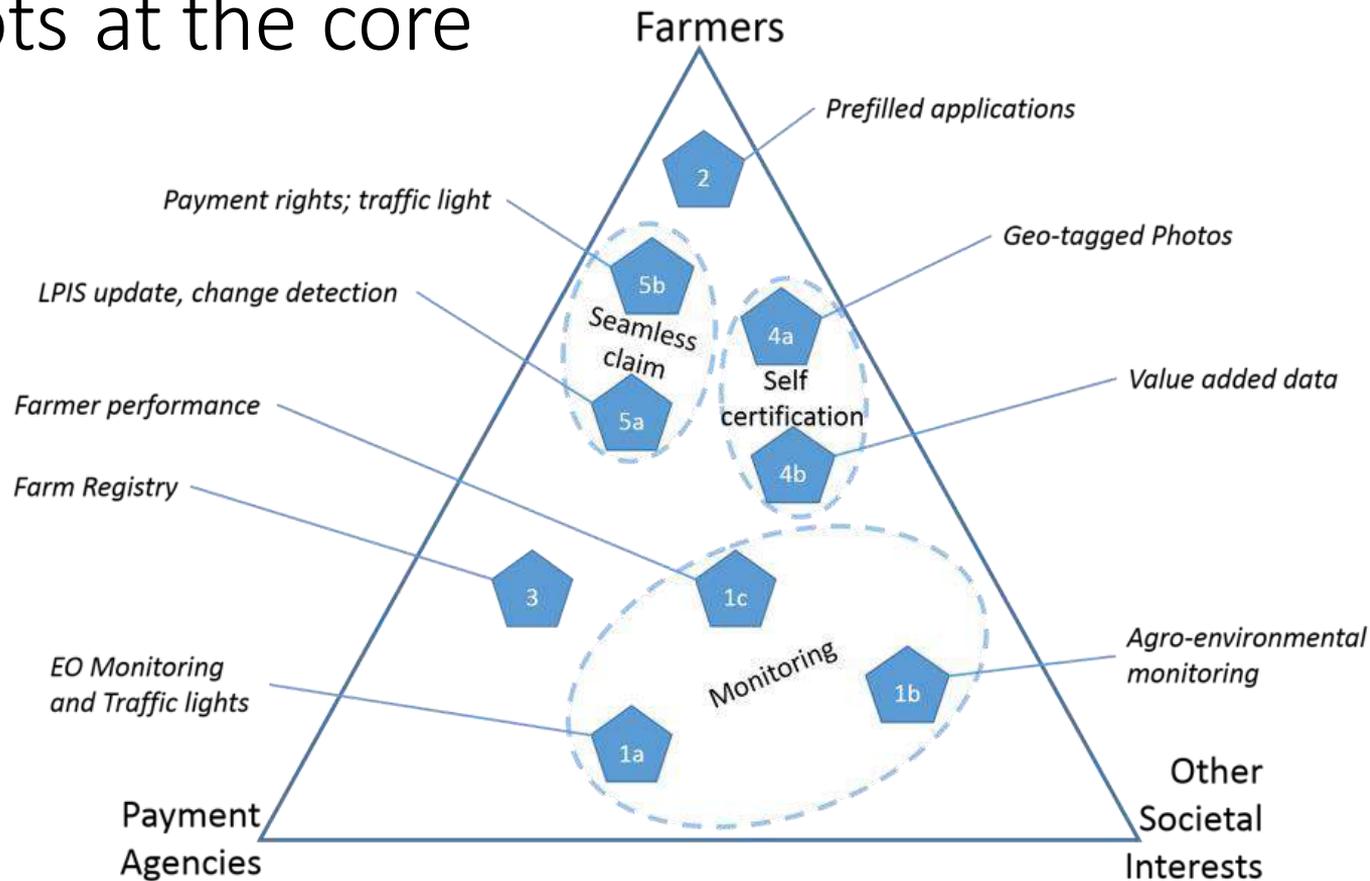
# Progress on NIVA main challenges

Challenge	M0-baseline situation	M18 NIVA achievements
<b>Absorbing innovations to simplify the governance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Innovations implemented separately in the 41 different IACS systems in Europe</li> <li>only 2 to 3 open source solutions covering small parts of IACS systems</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>More than 30 components have been developed and are being tested in cross-boundary collaboration</li> <li>Working modes to learn from each other in an active way, and start relying on developments implemented in different PA systems.</li> <li>Methodologies for Multi-Actor development and innovation deployment in IACS specified</li> </ul>
<b>Reducing socio-economic and administrative burden to farmers</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Digital innovations offer potential to reduce the burdens to farmers and PA's,</li> <li>Digital innovation being tested in some research projects</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Different aspects of implementing digital solutions have been aligned through an 'As-is' analysis</li> <li>Wider adoption of research products in innovations and field testing ongoing</li> <li>Pilots being tested specifically focused on lowering administrative burden through technology</li> </ul>
<b>Reducing the gap between IACS data use and potential broader uses</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IACS derived data are shared in some member states on an 'As-is' basis</li> <li>lack of standardization across claim years and common lists of relevant attributes (e.g. parcels, crops, vegetation types)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operational testing of IACS data use in pilots for other purposes ;</li> <li>Standardization issues in IACS highlighted and recommendations provided in a stakeholder oriented way</li> </ul>

Project or initiative	Use in NIVA
<b>SEN4CAP, ESA project on Remote Sensing processing chain for the CAP</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SEN4CAP tools are used in UC1a, 1b and 2 and further improved and validated in operational systems</li> <li>• NIVA highlighted the urgent need for technical documentation and source code documentation and training of such systems</li> </ul>
<b>EGNSS4CAP: GSAA app for positioning</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NIVA embedded these functionalities in its Geotagged Photo app, further expanding them</li> </ul>
<b>H2020 OpenEO : an open source collection of tools for EO data processing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NIVA is tailoring this for CAP applications, combining it with SEN4CAP processing workflows</li> </ul>
<b>CEF components, DG-Connect/DG-DIGIT components and protocols for common definitions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CEF components are being tested in NIVA UC3</li> <li>• CEF components further developed as part of common components in WP4</li> </ul>
<b>H2020 IoF2020, large scale pilots on IoT devices</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NIVA participation in workshops around semantic interoperability of systems</li> </ul>
<b>H2020 OpenIACS, using LinkedOpenData and CEF components for IACS data</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NIVA provides recommendations and guidelines on standardization issues, complementary to OpenIACS technical solutions</li> </ul>
<b>H2020 MEF4CAP, on evaluation frameworks for the CAP</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Developing joint strategies for stakeholder engagement</li> </ul>



# Pilots at the core

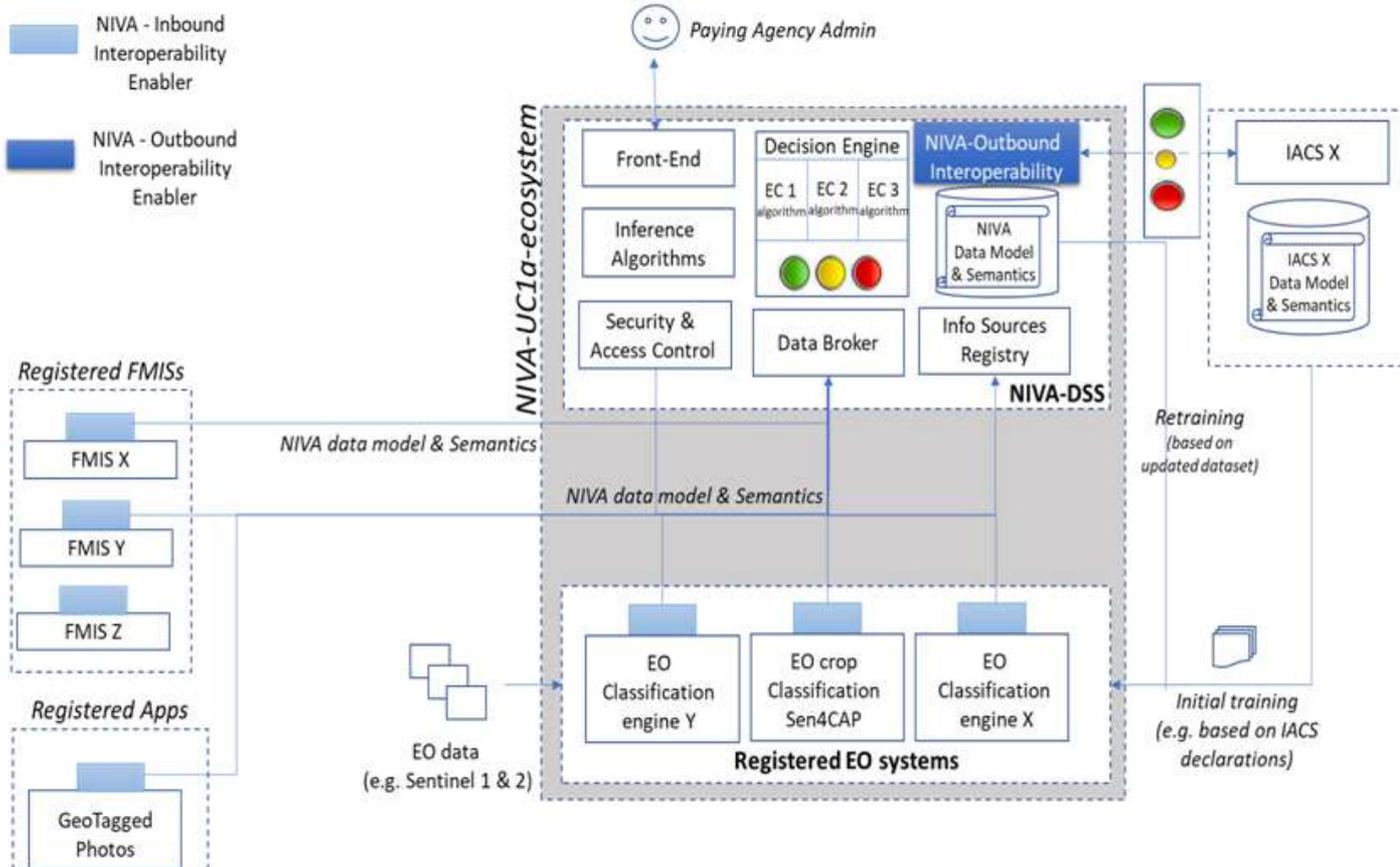


# UC1a Earth Observation Monitoring and Traffic Lights



 NIVA - Inbound Interoperability Enabler

 NIVA - Outbound Interoperability Enabler



# UC1a: Earth Observation Monitoring and Traffic Lights -- Lessons learned



## 1. Importance of difference in pasture across Europe

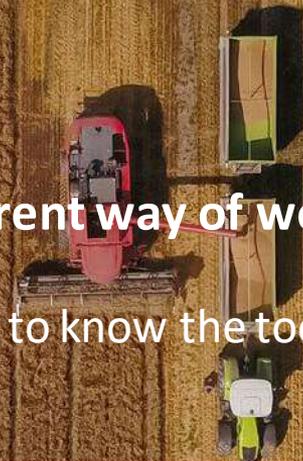
Attention is needed for the extensively managed pastures in Southern Europe

## 2. Importance of detecting small parcels

Difference across Europe of presence and prevalence

## 3. Open source delivery and development requires a different way of working

Dependence on Sen4CAP open delivery, and learning curve to get to know the tools



# UC1c – Farmer performance – (ARIB)



- Objective: indicators assessing performance at farm level (needs from EC/MSs/other stakeholders);
- Activities
  - Gathering information/requirements from farmers
    - questionnaires, 12.000 sent out, 1500 replies
  - IACS-FMIS data exchange questionnaire to Member States
  - discussions with FMIS software provider
  - Identify suitable standards: eCROP
- Products
  - API prototype for exchanging data between IACS & FMIS via eCROP – tested and documented, including description of suitable standards, at least in 3 real cases;
  - Create methodology of indicators and evaluate it with users.



# UC1c – Farmer performance – (ARIB) Lessons learned

The situation of farmers is diverse, with different attitudes to Paying Agencies

NIVA has helped to organize the stakeholders within Estonia

First need to get the data-flows working to enable next steps

# Operationalising agro-climatic and agro-environmental indicators for future CAP

5<sup>th</sup> Feb, ASP, Paris

<https://www.niva4cap.eu/uploads/NIVA%20Policy%20Brief%20No.%202%20agri-environmental%20and%20climatic%20indicators.pdf>



The screenshot shows the NIVA website header with the logo and navigation menu. The main content area features a news article with a background image of a field. The article title is 'USING FIELD DATA TO ASSESS IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE', dated Apr 2, 2020. The text below the title discusses the importance of land-use information and parcel boundaries for assessing agricultural impact on the environment and climate, and mentions that the framework will provide insights to farmers.

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## News Article

Home > News Article

### USING FIELD DATA TO ASSESS IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE

📅 Apr 2, 2020

Every year, European Member States are obliged to collect and validate land-use information and parcel boundaries for the Europe are valuable resources to make a more direct and actionable assessment of the agricultural impact on environment and climate. sensing and data analysis fields agreed on three important indicators that are helping both policy makers and farmers to develop framework will also provide actionable insights to farmers on what they can do to improve their impact.

## Key findings

- **IACS data very valuable for assessment of indicators but not ready for analysis to compute these indicators.**
  - (hence also for the evaluation of the CAP through indicators)
- **Achieving relevant agro-environmental and agro-climatic indicators require a development process with involvement of all stakeholders, including farmers.**
- **Indicators need to be relevant for the farmer, not just about the farmer, to monitor performance and provide timely feedback.**
- **Performance assessment reflects multi-annual land management.**

# Issues in use of IACS data in agro-environmental/climatic indicators

- Different data formats;
- Different accessibility;
- Timeseries (parcels change ...)
- Definitions of parcels
- Not harmonised crop coding



**Using LPIS and IACS data for evaluating the Greening of the CAP**

- insights from Germany and technical lessons learnt

# Example of harmonisation of crop lists (Laurent, et al. IGN)

	Denmark	Estonia	France	Greece	Ireland	Italy	Lithuania	Netherlands	Spain	Finland	Sweden	Saxony (Germany)	Cataluña (Spain)
number	322 main crops, 29 catch crop codes	502	around 300	45 crop types, 3326 varieties	191 (including 37 non eligible)	about 500	156	375	322 (in 2019)	150	99-ish or almost 200	185	around 200

Number of national crop types



So what standards could be adopted?

Name	Description	Comment
Common catalogues of varieties of agricultural plant species and varieties of vegetable species	EU catalogue Botanical classification (plants that can be officially marketed in the EU). Detailed (up to variety) but aggregated derived extract in the JRC code list	Some missing crop types (e.g. permanent crops)
Integrated Farm Statistics (IFS)	Current Eurostat crop classification/ Mixture of concepts /Aggregated (» 100 values)	
AGRIPROD	Eurostat/ Scope wider than crops / Botanical classification (species) Detailed (» 1000 values)	Proposed for INSPIRE
LUCAS	Eurostat/ Scope wider than crops (Land Cover) Botanical classification /Aggregated (» 150 values)	Main candidate for INSPIRE
Indicative Crop Classification	Global (FAO) /Some mixture of concepts /Aggregated (» 150 values)	
LCCS crop type list	Global classification (FAO)/ Product-oriented classification. / Aggregated (200 values)	Proposed for INSPIRE
European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO)	Scope wider than crops or even plants / Botanical oriented (for plants) / Detailed classification (> 5000)	Widely used by agro-business
Farm Structure Survey (FSS)	Previous Eurostat classification/ Mixture of concepts / Aggregated (» 150 values)	Proposed for INSPIRE outdated

# Supporting innovations on CAP monitoring and evaluation

- Data sharing both FROM and TOWARDS IACS systems
- Broadly sharing of innovations towards multiple perspectives

NIVA policy briefs:

- Policy Brief on Agri-environmental monitoring:  
<https://www.niva4cap.eu/uploads/NIVA%20Policy%20Brief%20No.%202%20agri-environmental%20and%20climatic%20indicators.pdf>
- Modernising the CAP to help deliver the European Green Deal:  
<https://www.niva4cap.eu/news/modernising-the-cap-to-help-deliver-the-european-green-deal>

# THANK YOU



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