# **EIP-AGRI: From OG project to impact Building the innovation ecosystem for the future**

**17-18 OCTOBER 2018, SPOLETO** 





# **Programme**Wednesday 17 October

## **Learning about EIP-AGRI implementation:** achieving impact

## 09:55-10:15 Simplification and reporting for EIP Inspiration and examples

- Marina Hadjiyanni, Unit F1 Conception and consistency of rural development, DG AGRI, European Commission
- Michael Schrörs, Head of Unit EU affairs, agricultural research and innovation, Lower Saxony Ministry for Food, Agriculture and Consumer Protection, DE
- Simona Cristiano, Policy researcher, CREA Center for Politics and Bioeconomy, IT
- Lisa van Dijk, Knowledge Exchange Programme manager, Royal Agricultural University, Cirencester, UK

### 10:15-10:25 Welcome by the host

 Alessandra Pesce, Undersecretary of State, Ministry of Agricultural, Food, Forestry Policies and Tourism (MiPAAFT)







EIP Seminar, Spoleto, October 17th 2018

## **Simplifying Procedures: Implementation of a Standard Cost Model**

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### **Content:**

- I. Basic Information: EIP Measure Lower Saxony
- II. Regulatory requirements
- III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony
- IV. Challenges and problems with respect to implementation
- V. Advantages for beneficaries and administration







## I. Basic Information: EIP Measure Lower Saxony

✓ Total Budget: 17,5 mio. € (14 mio. EU, 3,5 mio. national funds)

✓ 1st Call (2016): 14 OG and their projects selected (out of 34)

Total amount committed: 6.8 Mio. € (~ 500.000 €/OG)

OGs are still working on their projects

✓ 2nd Call (2018): 16 OG selected (by selection committee)

Total amount applied for: ~7,6 Mio. € (475.000 €/OG)

Final project approval and committments by end of year







## II. Regulatory requirements

### What I would like to talk about:

- Regulation No. 1303/2013, Art. 67, 1b:
  Unit costs for those who are working in the OG project
- Basis for the calculation is Art. 67, 5a i):

  Transparent and comprehensible unit costs per working hour based on statistical data

## What I am <u>not</u> talking about:

- Art. 67, 1c: lump sum
- Art. 68, 1a and 1b: flat rate for indirect costs







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

- ✓ Requirements for Standard cost model
  - Statistical data for salaries of employees have to include the farming sector;
    The existing model for the ERDF in Lower saxony therefore was not transferable.
  - Differentiation between public service sector and private sector.
  - The model should also cover allowances for **self employed persons**; apparantly **the work of self employed persons** (farmers, advisers) **is crucial** for EIP Projects!







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

#### Calculation for Standard cost model

### a) public sector

The calculation is simple, because of **existing gross salary tables** (according to rank) The eligible salary/hour is calculated from the gross salary divided by 1.720 working hours (Art. 68, 2).

### Example:

Public Service Rank E13 (e.g. Junior Researcher at the University):

Gross Salary/year: 67.682 € ⇒ 67.682 €/1.720 h ⇒ 39,35 €/h Standard Costs







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

## Calculation for Standard cost model b) private sector

Data Base:

- **Gross salary statistics** (Verdienststrukturerhebung) on federal level for agriculture and forestry, fisheries, commerce and industry and services
- The statistics already differentiates between 5 qualification levels
- Since the statistics does not include **non-wage-labour-costs**, one have to adjust the gross salary by the **factor 1.20695** (health insurance, pension insurance etc.)







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

## Calculation for Standard cost model b) private sector

### Qualification Levels based on <u>activities for the project</u>:

Categorie 1: "Manager, Director with leading responsibility"

Categorie 2: "Excellent skilled Expert" (Researcher or Adviser, Mastercertificate)

Categorie 3: "Skilled Expert" (Junior Reseacher, Worker with vocational training)

Categorie 4: "Skilled farm worker, but no vocational training"

Categorie 5: "Farm worker, no vocational training"







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

## Calculation of eligible hourly salaries for the private sector:

	Gross salary in €	Factor 1,20695	Calculated hourly salary	rounded figures
	Statistical data			
Category 1	72.000,-	86.900,40	50,52	50,-
Category 2	52.587,-	63.469,88	36,90	36,-
Category 3	35.936,-	43.372,96	25,22	25,-
Category 4	29.663,-	35.801,76	20,81	20,-
Category 5	24.991,-	30.162,89	17,54	17,-







## III. Calculation of Standard Costs in Lower Saxony

Comparison between public, private (EIP) and private (ERDF) standard costs in Lower Saxony:

	Public	Private	Private
Categories	Salaries	Salaries	Salaries
Gatogonios	in €	EIP in €	ERDF in €
1	50,-	50,-	50,-
2	39,-	36,-	33,-
3	29,-	25,-	24,-
4	25,-	20,-	20,-
5	22,-	17,-	15,-







## IV. Challenges and problems with respect to implementation

- ✓ Different rules regarding eligibility of self-employed persons on and regional level (Budget regulation Lower Saxony)

EU

- With regard to budget rules of Lower Saxony the work of self– employed persons in general is not eligible for funding!
- Intensive discussions with the Ministry of Finance (because the work of farmers and advisers is crucial for the projects)
- Exemption from the general budget rule by MoF!
- ✓ During the project approval process every working package of every working member of the OG has to be categorized according to the job he/she is supposed to carry out within the EIP Project
- ✓ Potential Over- and Underestimation of real costs







## V. Advantages for beneficaries and administration

# Traditional Cost Model Basis for funding: effectivily paid salaries/allowances

Full proof of costs from beneficaries accounting system including working hours sheet

Pre-financing of allowances for selfemployed persons (e.g. Farmers) by OG -Coordinator to ensure payment flow

### **Standard Cost Model**

Basis for funding: categorized standard costs

Only working hours sheet necessary (multipled by standard costs/hour = eligible costs)

No Pre-financing by OG Coordinator necessary

Reduction of administrative burden on administrations and beneficaries level: - 15 %!!







### VI. Final Slide

## Thanks for your attention!